

VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SUBMISSION OF PLANNING APPLICATIONS

Effective from Monday 6th February 2023

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1 THE SCOPE AND AIM OF THIS DOCUMENT

- 1.1 The aim of this document is to set out what information will be required to submit a valid planning application and to enable Kirklees Council, the Local Planning Authority (LPA), to provide an efficient and effective registration and validation service. It has been produced in accordance with guidance at Paragraph 44 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), which advises that Local Planning Authorities should publish a list of their information requirements for applications for planning permission. These requirements should be kept to the minimum needed to make decisions and should be reviewed at least every two years. It also confirms that local planning authorities should only request supporting information that is relevant, necessary and material to the application in question.
- 1.2 The document is intended to benefit all customers of the Local Planning Authority by:
 - Increasing the awareness of the types of information required to ensure an application is validated
 - Promoting the use of pre-application discussions and advice, which will provide further guidance on validation requirements
 - Speeding up the registration process
 - Ensuring consistency in the approach taken by Kirklees Council
 - Increasing the use of electronic delivery
 - Minimising the need for additional information being requested during the planning process
 - Avoiding delays during the planning process
 - Enabling Kirklees Council to provide applicants with certainty as to the information required.

Information about the pre-application advice service Kirklees Council provide can be found at Pre-Application Advice

1.3 FAILURE TO PROVIDE THIS INFORMATION WITHIN THE RELEVANT TIMESCALES OR THE PROVISION OF INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION MAY RESULT IN DELAYS, NON-DETERMINATION OR REFUSAL OF YOUR APPLICATION.

2 THE VALIDATION PROCESS

- 2.1 On average Kirklees Council's Validation Service takes 10 working days to validate and check a planning application when sufficient information has been provided.
- 2.2 Information required can be split into two categories:
 - National Requirements: As required by <u>The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015</u> (DMPO) and the <u>Town and Country Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas)</u> Regulations 1990 and
 - Local Requirements (set by the Local Planning Authority), which are also set out in this document.

2.3 The DMPO (2015) defines which category your planning application falls into e.g. major, minor or a householder application. Please refer to the glossary at APPENDIX 1 for definitions.

3 MISSING INFORMATION

3.1 If information required by the national and local lists is not provided, a notification will be sent to the agent (or applicant if there is no agent) giving 7 days to submit the outstanding information. If this information is not provided within 7 days, a further notification will be sent giving an additional 3 days. Unless an extension to this time period is agreed, if information is still missing after that time, the application will be closed, a refund of the planning fee will be arranged and any submitted information will be disposed of. The information will not be returned, and the application will need to be resubmitted in full. As set out in Section 8.1 below, should the applicant disagree with the LPA requirements for a specific application, informal discussions between the applicant and Case Officer should initially take place in order to resolve issues.

4 INFORMATION REQURIED AND HOW TO SUBMIT IT

- 4.1 This document sets out the validation requirements for all types of planning application. The information required for the processing of the following types of application are detailed separately and are also set out in statutory documents to which applicants should refer:
 - Applications to modify or discharge a planning obligation
 - Application for approval of details reserved by condition (Discharge of condition)
 - Hedgerow Removal Notice application
 - Notification for Demolition
 - Permission in Principle (PiP) and Technical Details Consent (TDC)
 - Prior Notifications/Approvals
 - Application for removal or variation of a condition following grant of planning permission (S73 or S73a)
 - Non-material amendment (NMA) (S96)
 - Wind Energy applications
- 4.2 Applications can be submitted electronically via email, via the Planning Portal or by post. Most are submitted electronically via the Planning Portal or they can be emailed direct to planning.portal@kirklees.gov.uk Where the application is submitted electronically, no paper copies are required at submission. The council do accept application submissions on CD, DVD and Drop Box but unfortunately, it is unable to accept submissions in any other electronic format e.g. USB devices.
- 4.3 When submitting a hard copy application by post, one copy is required.
- 4.4 When submitting via the Planning Portal it is beneficial to upload any drawings with full and detailed titles and drawing numbers. This will help to speed up the processing of the application. Please note there is a charge for submitting most application types via the planning portal.

4.5 Checklists have been provided in <u>APPENDIX 2</u> to help ensure that all the relevant information has been provided in order to validate the application.

Please submit a completed copy of the checklist with your application.

5 THE DEVELOPMENT PLAN AND PLANNING GUIDANCE

- The Development Plan in Kirklees currently includes the Kirklees Local Plan and, in applicable areas, the Holme Valley Neighbourhood Development Plan¹. Details of further emerging Neighbourhood Plans can be found at: Neighbourhood planning | Kirklees Council
- 5.2 A range of Supplementary Planning Documents (SPD) have been adopted by the council². These apply a 'comply or justify' approach. If proposals are not in accordance with such guidance, it is beneficial to the decision making process if applicants submit such justification as part of the initial planning application submission.
- 5.3 References to the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) relate to the July 2021 Framework. Applicants will need to refer to the most up to date NPPF at the time of their application.

6 DATA PROTECTION AND PRIVACY

- 6.1 Where there is a need to submit information considered 'personal data' or 'sensitive personal data' under the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) this information should be submitted in a separate document without cross-referencing in documents that can be made public and it should be marked as confidential.
- The definition of 'personal data' and 'Sensitive Personal Data' can be found on page 8 of the Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) <u>Guide to the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)</u>. It will include, for example, personal circumstances and health information.
- 6.3 You should also be aware that Kirklees Council is a data controller under the data protection legislation as we collect and process personal information about you in order to provide planning services and meet our statutory obligations. The council's <u>privacy notice for Development Management</u> explains:
 - Why the council ask for your personal information
 - How that information will be used
 - How you can access your records

¹ Kirklees Development Plan (<u>www.kirklees.gov.uk/localplan</u>)

² https://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/planning-policy/adopted-supplementary-planning-documents.aspx

7 PLANNING FEES

- 7.1 A fee calculator is available on the Planning Portal website
- 7.2 If submitting via the Planning Portal, applicants/agents can pay by credit or debit card online direct to the Planning Portal.
- 7.3 If submitting electronically to the council via email, a reply will be sent with the relevant planning reference number. The email will also set out how to pay the planning fee by credit card. It is also possible to pay by BACS quoting the reference number that has been issued. **Please note no cash or cheque payments are accepted.**
- 7.4 Applications can be submitted electronically to planning.portal@kirklees.gov.uk

8 DISPUTES

- 8.1 Should the applicant disagree with the LPA requirements for a specific application, informal discussions between the applicant and Case Officer should take place in order to resolve issues.
- In the event that issues cannot be resolved and the applicant considers that the information requested does not meet the 'statutory tests', the applicant should send the LPA a notice under Article 12 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015. See also Section 62 (4A) of the Town and Country Planning Act and Article 11(3)(c) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015.
- 8.3 The 'statutory tests' require that information should be:
 - Reasonable having regard, in particular, to the nature and scale of the proposed development and
 - About a matter which it is reasonable to think will be a material consideration in the determination of the application.
- 8.4 On receipt of the Notice, the LPA will respond with either a Validation Notice stating the information is no longer required or a Non-Validation Notice stating the information is still required to process the application.
- 8.5 The timescales for this process depend on the type of application as follows:
 - 16 weeks applications subject to an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
 - 13 weeks applications for major development
 - 8 weeks applications for all other development types
- 8.6 Further information can be found in the Planning Practice Guidance: Making an Application

9 NATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

This information is required for validation by <u>The Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015</u> (DMPO), the <u>Town and Country Planning (Listed Building and Conservation Areas) Regulations 1990</u> and National Planning Policy Guidance.

Section A: List of National Requirements

- Table 1:
 - Application Form
 - o Ownership Certificates
 - Planning Fee
 - Design and Access Statement
 - o Outline Planning Applications where access is reserved: Indicative Access Details
 - Fire Statement
 - o Wind Turbines Statement of Community Involvement
- Table 2:
 - o Plans Required (as appropriate)
- Table 3:
 - o Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) / Environmental Statement (ES)
 - Flood Risk Assessment (FRA)
 - o Flood Risk Sequential and Exception Test Evidence

Table 1 Section A: List of National Requirements

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE? |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Application form | ALL types of application | All sections of the application form must be answered. The declaration must be signed and dated. | Planning Portal https://www.planningportal.co.uk Download forms for electronic submission/printable versions: Planning application forms |
| Ownership Certificates | ALL types of application, except advertisement consent applications | Certificate A, B, C or D must be completed stating the ownership of the property. It is an offence, knowingly or recklessly, to complete a false or misleading certificate. | Link to ownership notices (Kirklees Council website) https://www.planningportal.co.uk/ |
| Planning Fee | ALL applications unless specific exemptions from payment apply ³ | The appropriate fee must be paid. | Planning Portal Fee Calculator |
| Design and Access Statement (DAS) | i. All applications for major development, including applications for approval of reserved matters if the original outline permission did not have a statement submitted with it ii. Development within a Conservation Area (CA) for: a) One or more dwelling b) Building(s) where floorspace is 100m² or more | (a) Explain the design principles and concepts that have been applied to the development (b) Demonstrate the steps taken to appraise the context of the development and how the design of the development takes that context into account, to include the particular characteristics of the application site and its wider setting (c) Explain the approach to access, and how policies relating to access in relevant local development documents have been taken into account (d) State what, if any, consultation has been undertaken on issues relating to access to the | Planning Portal guidance on a Design and Access Statement: https://www.planningportal.co.uk/f aqs/faq/51/what is a design and access statement Planning Practice Guidance: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/making-an-application |

³ The Town and Country Planning (Fees for Applications, Deemed Applications, Requests and Site Visits) (England) Regulations 2012

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE? |
|--|---|---|--|
| | iii. Listed Building Consent applications. | development and what account has been taken of the outcome of any such consultation | |
| | Excluded: Applications for engineering/mining/waste /change of use. | (e) Explain how any specific issues which might affect access to the development have been addressed. | |
| Indicative Access Details Outline planning applications where access is a Reserved a | | The submission must provide details of the area or areas where access points to the development proposed will be situated. | Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order (England) 2015 - Article 5(3) (DMPO) |
| Fire Statement | For applications involving 'relevant buildings' defined as: Buildings that contain two or more dwellings (including flats) or educational accommodation and Meet the height condition of 18m or more in height, or 7 or more storeys. Unless an exemption applies (please refer to the Fire safety and high rise residential buildings NPPG [June 2021] for specific guidance) | Fire statements must be submitted on a form published by the Secretary of State (or a form to similar effect) and contain the particulars specified or referred to in the form, which includes the following information (not an exhaustive list): i. The principles, concepts and approach relating to fire safety that have been applied to each building in the development ii. The site layout iii. Emergency vehicle access and water supplies for firefighting purposes iv. What, if any, consultation has been undertaken on issues relating to the fire safety of the development and what account has been taken of this v. How any policies relating to fire safety in relevant local development documents have been taken into account | Fire safety and high-rise residential buildings (from 1 August 2021) - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) |

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE? |
|--|---|--|---|
| Wind Turbines Statement of Community Involvement | For applications involving 2 or more wind turbines or where the hub height of any turbine exceeds 15 metres in height. Exception: Section 73 applications | For this type of application, a person must carry out pre-application consultation with the community/affected persons/neighbours. In summary, a prospective applicant for planning permission must: i. Publicise the proposal in such a way as the applicant reasonably considers is likely to bring it to the attention of a majority of the people who live at, or otherwise occupy, premises in the vicinity of the land ii. Set out how persons may contact them regarding the proposal. The applicant must give sufficient information about the proposed timetable to ensure that people wishing to comment on the proposed development may do so in good time iii. If they decide to go ahead with making an application for planning permission, have regard to any responses received when finalising the application to be submitted iv. When submitting their application explain how the local community has been consulted, what comments have been received, and how account has been taken of those comments. These are minimum requirements. It is in the | Section 61W of the 1990 Town and Country Planning Act DMPO Part 2, Paragraphs (3) and (4) |
| | | prospective applicant's interest to conduct preapplication consultation to an appropriate standard. | |

Table 2 Plans required (as appropriate)

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE? | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Location Plan | ALL applications (except applications for approval of details reserved by condition and Section 73 applications) | A location plan must be provided as follows: Provided at a metric scale (preferably 1:1250 or 1:2500) and ideally scaled to fit onto A4 or A3 Provided on an up-to-date map Show the site area edged in red. This should include all land necessary to carry out the proposed development (e.g. land required for access to the site from a public highway, visibility splays, landscaping, car parking and open areas around buildings) Plans should show at least two named roads (where relevant) and surrounding buildings. The properties shown should be numbered or named to ensure that the exact location of the application site is clear A blue line should be drawn around any other land owned by the applicant, close to or adjoining the application site Indicate a north point | Planning Portal guidance on where to buy a planning map: https://www.planningportal.co.uk/h omepage/4/buy_a_planning_map | |
| Site Layout Plan or Block Plan | ALL applications | A site layout or block plan must be provided as follows: Plans provided for both existing and proposed Provided at a metric scale (1:200 or 1:500) and ideally scaled to fit onto A4 or A3 Provided on an up-to-date map Indicate a north point Show the proposed development in relation to site boundaries, other existing buildings on the site, adjoining properties and the immediate area. This includes named roads and public rights of way (PROW) (if the PROW will influence or will be affected by the proposed development) Show the position of trees | | |

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER |
|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------|
| Existing and Proposed Elevations | ALL applications proposing new buildings or alterations to the exterior of an existing building | Show changes in levels, boundary treatment, vehicular/pedestrian access and parking. House names and road names should be labelled. If the site area is edged in red this must match the location plan provided. If connecting to existing drainage system, this should be indicated. The proposed locations and sizes of refuse storage and collection areas. Provided at a metric scale usually 1:50 or 1:100 Must show all existing and proposed elevations including any blank elevations (unless visibility is completely obscured e.g. attached to another building) Must match relevant existing/proposed floor plans Be clearly labelled e.g. north, west etc. or north point indicated. The council will not accept descriptions such as front, back side etc. unless this is provided in addition to the direction Where a proposed elevation adjoins/is in close proximity to another building, the relationship between the two should be shown. | GUIDANCE? |
| Existing and Proposed Floorplans | ALL applications proposing new buildings, extensions or change of use. | Existing floor plansProposed floor plans | |
| Streetscene Plan | ALL applications that would result in a proposal that would increase the height of a building adjacent to an existing building or for the erection of new buildings. | To ensure that the council has sufficient information to understand what is proposed, the existing and proposed development should be shown. It should be annotated with the overall proposed building height (AOD) of the application site and neighbouring properties | |

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE? |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|
| Roof Plans | ALL applications involving the construction of new buildings and ALL householder applications for extensions to existing dwellings. | Plan should be provided at a metric scale usually 1:50 or 1:100 | |
| Existing and Proposed Site Levels | ALL applications involving new buildings or floor space and any application that involve groundworks and /or engineering operations e.g. access tracks, hard surfaced areas, re-grading of land where there are any changes in level across the site or a change to ground level and it would add to the understanding of the proposal. | This information can be shown on the existing and proposed site layout plan or block plan. Please include off site levels of land and buildings immediately adjoining the site where feasible. Include Finished Floor Levels (FFL) relative to a fixed and identifiable datum point (preferably Ordnance datum) which is identified on the plan. The datum point must not be taken from any structures which are to be demolished or can be moved. | |
| Existing and Proposed Sections | i. ALL MAJOR development ii. Any proposals where cut and fill operations are proposed iii. Proposals on sloping or uneven land or sites where immediately adjoining land is on a different level | Identify FFLs and ridge levels of buildings Identify existing and proposed site levels Show sections through the land and indicate clearly on the site plan where the sections have been taken Show existing and proposed development in relation to land/properties adjoining the site including street scene sections front and back. Provide a plan showing the points between which the cross section has been taken. | |
| Demolition plans (1:500) | Where demolition is proposed to part, the whole or a number of buildings on site. | Identify the buildings/part of building to be demolished (preferably identified in a different colour for clarity). | |

General requirements for plans

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE? |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|
| Plans - General Requirements | Where plans are submitted, they must meet the following requirements: Be drawn to an identified standard metric scale Linear scale bar shown Submitted in an A3 or A4 format or set to be printable in A3 or A4 format depending on the scale of the development An acceptable quality that is clear and legible Plans submitted electronically must be uploaded in the orientation and at the scale indicated on the plan Named and titled in a logical manner, reflecting their content Each plan numbered. If not, Kirklees Council will add numbers as necessary State 'indicative' where appropriate surveys have not been completed e.g. street scenes or details not being agreed as part of the application Where outline permission is sought, any indicative plans should be submitted on a separate plan to any plans to be approved. Elevations labelled North, South etc. 'Do not scale' should be removed and replaced with 'Do not scale for construction purposes' if necessary. | See checklist in Appendix 2 |

Table 3 Other National Requirements determined through other legislation/guidance

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---|--|--|---|
| Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) / Environmental Statement (ES) | All applications requiring an EIA as determined by the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017 (the '2017 Regulations') National Planning Practice Guidance (Environmental Impact Assessment) | The requirement for an EIA and content of an ES is subject to the following stages: Screening – determining whether a project falls within the remit of the 2017 Regulations Scoping – determining the extent of issues to be considered in the assessment and reported in the ES following advice from the council (scoping opinion) Preparing the ES – this must include at least the information reasonably required to assess the likely significant environmental effects of the development listed in regulation 18(3) and comply with regulation 18(4) of the 2017 Regulations. | National Guidance on EIA (NPPG) |
| Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) | As defined within the NPPG: Most developments within a flood zone including: • All developments of more than 1ha in Flood Zone 1 • All developments in flood zone 2 or 3, including minor development and change of use. • Less than 1 ha in flood zone 1, including a change of use in development type to a more vulnerable class (here they could be affected by sources of | The objectives of a site-specific FRA are to establish: Whether a proposed development is likely to be affected by current or future flooding from any source Whether the measures proposed to deal with these effects and risks are appropriate The evidence for the LPA to apply (if necessary) the Sequential Test (see below) Whether the development will be safe and pass the Exception Test (if applicable, see below). It should follow the guidance on how to do a flood risk assessment within the Government's National Planning Practice Guidance. Where applicable, a site layout plan showing the extent of flood zones adds clarity for all parties. | Calder Catchment Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) Guidance on Flood Risk Assessments National Planning Practice Guidance (NPPG) |

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---|--|--|--|
| | flooding other than rivers, for example surface water drains, reservoirs) On an area within flood zone 1 which has critical drainage problems as notified by the Environment Agency | The Environment Agency's standing advice should be followed for: A minor extension (household extensions or nondomestic extensions less than 250 square metres) in flood zone 2 or 3 'more vulnerable' in flood zone 2 (except for landfill or waste facility sites, caravan or camping sites) 'less vulnerable' in flood zone 2 (except for agriculture and forestry, waste treatment, mineral processing, and water and sewage treatment) 'water compatible' in flood zone 2 Involving a change of use into one of the vulnerable categories or into the water compatible category. | |
| Flood Risk Sequential | Sequential Test | Sequential Test | Calder Catchment Strategic Flood |
| and Exception Test | | The aim of the sequential test is to steer new | Risk Assessment (SFRA) |
| Evidence As defined by the NPPG: FRA: the sequential test for applicants | i. All applications (except minor and changes of use) within flood zones 2, 3a, 3ai and 3b <u>unless</u> one has already been carried out for the same use as part of a site allocation in the Kirklees Local Plan. ii. A change of use to caravan, camping chalet, mobile home or park home site require sequential test | development to areas with the lowest risk of flooding. It should broadly include the following: Information about your proposed site - the name and location of the site that is proposed for development and an explanation of why you chose that specific site. Information about alternative sites within an area to be agreed with the council, typically through a formal pre-application process. | See following links to NPPG for information about sequential tests and exception tests: Sequential and Exception Test Guidance Planning Practice Guidance: Flood Risk Assessment: the sequential test for applicants Following a successful Sequential Test, the information below should be considered: |

| TYPE OF INFORMATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---------------------|--|--|--|
| | Exception Test This is only applied following application of the Sequential Test for the following: | Exception Test The exception test shows how flood risk on the proposed site will be managed. | NPPF Annex 3 – Flood risk vulnerability classification NPPG Table 3 – Flood risk vulnerability and flood zone |
| | i. Highly vulnerable development in Flood Zone 2 | It needs to show that the sustainability benefits of the development to the community outweigh the flood risk. | 'compatibility' As well as the planning applications process, some works |
| | ii. Essential infrastructure and more vulnerable development in Flood Zone 3a iii. Essential infrastructure in | It also needs to demonstrate that the development will be safe for its lifetime taking into account the vulnerability of its users and that it won't increase flood risk elsewhere. It should refer to your flood risk assessment and the council's strategic flood risk | may also require an <u>Environmental Permit</u> from the Environment Agency |
| | Flood Zone 3b | assessment. | |

10 LOCAL LIST REQUIREMENTS

The Local Planning Authority (LPA) will only require information considered to:

- Be reasonable having regard to the nature and scale of the development; and
- Relate to matters that it is reasonable to think will be a material consideration in the determination of the application.

THE LIST MAKES REFERENCE TO POLICIES WITHIN THE KIRKLEES LOCAL PLAN (FEBRUARY 2019) (KLP) AS WELL AS RELEVANT SUPPLEMENTARY PLANNING DOCUMENTS AND CABINET ADOPTED GUIDANCE. IN THE APPLICABLE AREA, APPLICANTS SHOULD ALSO REFER TO THE HOLME VALLEY NEIGHBOURHOOD DEVELOPMENT PLAN AS WELL AS OTHER NEIGHBOURHOOD DEVELOPMENT PLANS WHICH ARE MADE (BROUGHT INTO FORCE).

Section A: List of Local information Requirements (alphabetical order)

- Table 4:
 - o Affordable Housing Provision
 - o Affordable Housing Financial Viability Assessment
 - o Agricultural/Forestry (Rural) Workers Dwelling Justification Statement
 - Agricultural/Forestry Building Justification Statement
 - Air Quality Impact Assessment
 - o Biodiversity Net Gain
 - o Climate Change Statement
 - Coal Mining Risk Assessment
 - Community Facilities and Services: Evidence/Statement to justify loss
 - o Crime Prevention Statement
 - Drainage details
 - Drainage Strategy (Surface Water)
 - Ecological Surveys and Reports
 - o Foul Drainage Assessment
 - Habitat Regulations Assessment Info to support screening and/or Appropriate Assessment
 - Health Impact Assessment
 - Heritage Statement or Heritage Impact Assessment
 - Land Contamination Assessment
 - o Landfill Statement
 - Lighting Assessment
 - Main Town Centre Uses Sequential Test
 - Main Town Centre Uses Impact Assessment
 - Noise Impact Assessment

- Open Space/Sport and Recreation Building and Land Assessment
- o Planning Statement and Summary of Application
- o Priority Employment Areas: Statement to support loss to a non-employment use
- Schedule of Residential Accommodation
- o Site Waste Management Plan
- o Statement of Community Involvement
- Structural Survey
- Sunlight / Daylight Assessments
- o Transport Assessment/Transport Statement
- o Travel Plan
- o Tree (Arboricultural) survey and reports in accordance with BS 5837
- o Ventilation/Extraction Details
- Viability Appraisal
- Water Bodies Assessment
- Wind Microclimate Assessment

Table 4 Section A: List of Local information Requirements

| INFORMATION REQUIRED | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| Affordable Housing Provision | ALL applications for more than 10 dwellings (and smaller developments where a masterplanned approach is applicable to multiple sites) | KLP Policy LP11 Interim Affordable Housing Policy 2020 | Information setting out the proposed quantity of affordable housing provision. At the full / reserved matters stage, a plan detailing the affordable housing provision to include the following: i. A layout plan to identify the location of the affordable housing units and tenure ii. A schedule setting out the tenure, number of bedrooms per house by plot number, house type, number of storeys and the Gross Internal Area ⁴ of each house/house type proposed. | Interim Affordable Housing Policy 2020 (Kirklees Council) Affordable Housing and Housing Mix SPD (emerging) Kirklees Local Plan Also see 'Schedule of residential accommodation' in this list relating to housing mix |
| Affordable Housing Financial Viability Assessment | ALL applications for more than 10 dwellings (and smaller developments where a masterplanned approach is applicable to multiple sites) where the scheme cannot meet KLP Policy LP11 | KLP Policy LP11 Kirklees Affordable Housing guidance NPPF Chapter 5 NPPG: Viability | A Viability Assessment would be required in the event that the proposed affordable housing provision is not policy compliant. | Interim Affordable Housing Policy 2020 (Kirklees Council) Affordable Housing and Housing Mix SPD (emerging) Kirklees Viability Guidance Note 2020 Guidance on the information required for a Viability Assessment. Kirklees Local Plan |

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⁴ The Gross Internal Area of a dwelling is defined as the total floor space measured between the internal faces of perimeter walls that enclose the dwelling. This includes partitions, structural elements, cupboards, ducts, flights of stairs and voids above stairs.

| INFORMATION REQUIRED | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---|--|--|--|---|
| Agricultural/ Forestry (Rural) Workers Dwelling | Any application involving the creation of an Agricultural/ | KLP Policy LP55 NPPF Para 80 | A statement setting out the essential need for the proposal, having regard to guidance within the NPPG section 'Rural | Kirklees Local Plan NPPG Housing Needs of Different Groups |
| Justification Statement | Forestry (Rural) Workers Dwelling in the Green Belt | NPPG: Housing Needs for different | Housing - How can the need for isolated homes in the countryside for essential rural workers be assessed?' | NFFO Housing Needs of Different Groups |
| | | groups – rural housing | | |
| Agricultural/ Forestry Building Justification Statement | All applications for new agricultural or forestry buildings in the Green Belt. | NPPF Section 13 | Evidence to demonstrate that the building is genuinely required in connection with an agricultural or forestry enterprise, including: | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Air Quality Impact Assessment (AQIA) (including Monetary Damage Cost Assessments) | Development that is within or adjacent to an Air Quality Management Area (AQMA) | KLP Policy LP51 NPPF Section 15 Para 186 NPPG | An Air Quality Impact Assessment should demonstrate that the proposed development will not impact existing air quality or subject sensitive receptors to harmful concentrations of air pollutants. | Air Quality NPPG West Yorkshire Low Emissions Strategy |
| | Development of C1, C2, C3, C4 (residential) & F1 (learning and non-residential institution) within 20m | | Where a development has been classified as 'major', in accordance with the West Yorkshire Low Emissions Strategy (WYLES) Planning Guidance Document, a monetary damage cost assessment must | 2016-2021 (Dec 2016) Air Quality and Emissions Technical Planning Guidance (West Yorkshire Low Emissions Group) (Nov 2014) |

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| | of a road with 10,000 | | be carried out, which should also include | Map Road traffic statistics - Road traffic |
| | Annual Average Daily | | proposed mitigation measures. The | statistics (dft.gov.uk) |
| | Traffic (AADT) | | monetary value of the mitigation | |
| | | | measures should be reflective of | |
| | Development defined | | predicted damage cost. Where this | |
| | as Major development | | cannot be achieved, a section 106 | |
| | in accordance with the | | agreement may be required for the | |
| | West Yorkshire Low | | council to deliver schemes to offset the | |
| | Emission Strategy | | damages from the development | |
| | (WYLES) Planning | | | |
| | Guidance Document | | Assessments need to be proportionate to | |
| | | | the nature and scale of the development | |
| | Industrial | | proposed as defined in the WYLES | |
| | development where | | Planning Guidance Document, taking into | |
| | emissions could affect | | account existing air quality conditions. | |
| | the surrounding | | | |
| | neighbourhood | | | |
| | Significant new car | | | |
| | parking of 100 or | | | |
| | more spaces outside | | | |
| | an AQMA or 50 or | | | |
| | more spaces inside an | | | |
| | AQMA | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Biomass boilers or | | | |
| | biomass fuelled plant | | | |
| | Construction sites that | | | |
| | would generate large | | | |
| | HGV flows (>200 | | | |
| | movements per day) | | | |

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| | over a period of a year | | | |
| Birdi Ala | or more | KI D D - I' - I D20 | Marin and Professional College Control | William I and Blan |
| Biodiversity Net | All applications must | KLP Policy LP30 | Major applications and those over 0.5ha | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Gain Statement | demonstrate a | NDD5 6 11 45 | should include demonstration of a | |
| | biodiversity net gain | NPPF: Section 15 | Biodiversity Net Gain of 10% based upon | Natural England Biodiversity Metric |
| | where opportunities | Paragraphs 179, | the biodiversity value calculated using | guidance |
| | exist e.g. habitat boxes | 180 and 182 | the most up to date Biodiversity Metric | |
| | for householder | | developed by Natural England. These | National Planning Guidance on the Natural |
| | applications and | NPPG: Natural | details can be provided as a separate | Environment (NPPG) |
| | ecological design | Environment | document, as part of a Planning | |
| | strategies for minor | | Statement or within an ecological report. | Kirklees Biodiversity Net Gain Technical |
| | applications. | The Environment | The Biodiversity Net Gain element of the | Advice Note (2021) |
| | | Act | application should be prepared by a | |
| | For minor | | suitably experienced ecologist. | |
| | applications, this will | Circular 06/2005 – | | |
| | be considered during | Biodiversity and | All proposals should maximise | |
| | the lifetime of an | Geological | opportunities to enhance and restore | |
| | application therefore a | Conservation | biodiversity particularly by adding to, or | |
| | BNG Statement is not | | linking, features or habitats used by | |
| | required at validation | | protected species/species of principal | |
| | stage. | | importance. This should be in addition to | |
| | | | a BNG calculation for major applications | |
| | All major applications | | and include measures such as the | |
| | and sites located | | installation of bat and bird boxes, habitat | |
| | within the Kirklees | | piles and refuges or hibernaculum. | |
| | Wildlife Habitat | | | |
| | Network (excluding | | | |
| | householder | | | |
| | applications) will be | | | |
| | required to | | | |
| | demonstrate a net | | | |
| | gain of 10% using a | | | |
| I | metric, as detailed in | | | |

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| Climate Change | the <u>Kirklees</u> <u>Biodiversity Net Gain</u> <u>Technical Advice Note</u> (2021). ALL applications | KLP Policies: LP23, | The Climate Change Statement should | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Statement | (including householder applications) The amount of information in the statement should be proportionate to the scale of the proposal. | LP26, LP27, LP28, LP30, LP31, LP33, LP35, LP42, LP43, LP47, LP51 and LP52 NPPF Section 14 Para 153 | respond to the council's declaration of a Climate Change Emergency. It should demonstrate how the development contributes towards the transition to a low carbon economy. Detailed guidance is set out on the council's website. The statement should at least include: • How a layout has been designed to minimise the consumption of energy e.g. orientation, connection to sustainable forms of transport, use of renewable/low carbon energy sources. • How a building is designed to reduce energy consumption e.g. orientation, solar gain, insulation, renewable energy, waste minimisation, water management (including climate adaptation and resilience) and sustainable sourcing | Kirklees Climate Emergency Climate Change: The Planning Response and Guidance Note for Developers (June 2021) and template WYCA Sustainable Drainage Guidance (SuDS) 2020 |
| Coal Mining Risk Assessment | All non-householder applications within the 'Development High | KLP Policy LP53 NPPF Section 17 | of materials. Content of the Coal Mining Risk Assessment should be based on the guidance provided in National Planning | Kirklees Local Plan See linked guidance documents for the |
| | Risk Areas' as defined by the Coal Authority, | NALL SECTION 17 | Practice Guidance 'content of a coal mining risk assessment'. | Coal Risk Areas Map and exemptions. |

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| | unless on the | NPPG: Land | | |
| | 'exemption list' | Stability/ Land | | |
| | | Affected by | | |
| | | Contamination | | |
| Community | All applications where | KLP Policy LP48 | A supporting statement to address at | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Facilities and | the proposal involves | | least one of the criteria (a) to (d) set out | |
| Services: Evidence/ | the loss of land or | | in Policy LP48 of the Kirklees Local Plan | |
| Statement to | premises presently or | | with reference to the appropriate | |
| justify loss | last in community use. | | paragraphs 17.17 to 17.20. | |
| | This includes uses | | | |
| | which are associated | | | |
| | with statutory | | | |
| | undertakers. These | | | |
| | are bodies that have | | | |
| | been given statutory | | | |
| | powers in relation to | | | |
| | functions that are of a | | | |
| | 'public character'. For | | | |
| | example, the Post | | | |
| | Office, Civil Aviation | | | |
| | Authority, utilities | | | |
| | suppliers, sewerage. | | | |
| | Note: Sport and | | | |
| | Leisure facilities are | | | |
| | dealt with under the | | | |
| | KLP policy LP50 Sport | | | |
| | and physical activity. | | | |
| Crime Prevention | All major | KLP Policy LP24 | A demonstration that the development | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Statement | applications | | has been designed and would be built to | |
| | All external cash | NPPF Section 8 | minimise the risk of crime and maximise | NPPF Healthy and Safe Communities |
| | machines | Paragraph 92b | safety for the community. | |
| | All applications for | | | National Design Guide |
| | new hotels, | NPPF Section 12 | | |

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| | schools, health care facilities, community centres, places of worship and day nurseries over 150m ² • All applications for new or extensions to recreation or | Paragraph 130 NPPG 'Supporting Safe Communities' National Design Guide (Oct 2019) Section M3 – Parking – Paragraph 86. | The LPA expects all proposals to follow the FIVE evidence based principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED)1 & 2: Surveillance Movement control Management and maintenance Defensible space Physical security | Crime Prevention through Environmental Design Secured by Design https://www.securedbydesign.com/images /PCPI_LIGHTING_GUIDE_web.pdf |
| | leisure facilities All late night pubs/bars/ nightclubs/ takeaways/ restaurants and areas of outdoor seating Car parks where more than 50 | Section P2 – Public Spaces – Paragraphs 104 and 105. Section H1 – Homes & Buildings – Paragraphs 124, 128 and 131. | Physical security measures to be implemented shall seek to achieve the 'Secured by Design' accreditation (as assessed by West Yorkshire Police) where appropriate in accordance with a range of planning considerations which will be considered during the assessment of the planning application. | |
| | parking spaces are created • Development involving the creation of critical significant infrastructure e.g. water, gas, | Crime and Disorder Act 1998, Section 17 NPPF Section 8 | The Crime Prevention Statement could be a separate document or form part of the Design and Access Statement where applicable. The information will include the above five CPTED principles and set out the crime prevention measures proposed. | |
| | electricity Transport infrastructure e.g. tram/bus/coach/ train stations | | In the interest of Crime Prevention, the Crime Prevention Statement should include details of the proposed provision of street lighting for un-adopted roads and 'Private Drives'. | |

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| Drainage details | For proposals not requiring a Drainage Strategy (such as applications for less than 5 dwellings), details of the proposed drainage solution are still required (excluding householder applications). Drainage details are however required for hard surfacing of domestic gardens where these require planning permission. | KLP Policies: LP27 / LP28 / LP34 | Information to demonstrate compliance with Kirklees Local Plan policies LP28 (Drainage) and LP34 (Conserving and enhancing the water environment) including drainage solutions explored as part of the surface water hierarchy. For hard surfacing of an existing domestic garden, where planning permission is required, information will be required about the proposed surfacing materials and the drainage methods. | Kirklees Local Plan https://www.gov.uk/government/publicati ons/permeable-surfacing-of-front- gardens-guidance |
| Drainage Strategy (Surface Water) | A Drainage Strategy is required for ALL major applications as well as: applications for 5 or more dwellings commercial extensions of 500m² or greater commercial new builds of 500m² or greater all applications (excluding householders) in flood zones 2 or 3, | KLP Policies: LP27 / LP28 /LP34 | The Drainage Strategy should set out how surface water will be dealt with, showing details on a plan. The details should be proportionate to the scale of the development. The details should include: • Detailed site layout at an identified scale. • Topographical survey of the site. • Plans, drawings and specification of SuDS proposed. This should include details of hard construction, soft landscaping and planting. • Calculations of discharge and run-off rates, water storage capacity of the proposals, and demonstration that | Kirklees Local Plan West Yorkshire Combined Authority Sustainable Urban Drainage Guide: https://www.westyorks- ca.gov.uk/media/5397/lcr-suds-guidance- final-february-2020-1.pdf |

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| REQUIRED | | | | |
| | the 1 in 100 year surface water flood area or containing a watercourse or culvert. | | they meet the requirements of the site. Details of any offsite works required, together with necessary consents Management and maintenance plan for all SuDS. Geotechnical ground investigation reports to support infiltration/SUDS type schemes. Flood routes maps with contour drawings. Justification report to determine why other preferred options on the drainage hierarchy have been excluded. Details of temporary drainage provision through the construction period. For sites near watercourses this should include setting out the approach to be used to prevent contamination reaching the watercourse. Developers should seek opportunities for sustainable drainage systems within application sites, in preference to connections to watercourses or sewers, to reduce flood risk. These should be incorporated within the layout and form of the development. | |

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| Ecological Surveys | ALL APPLICATIONS | KLP Policy LP30 | Householder: | Kirklees Local Plan |
| and Reports (in | AFFECTING A | | Preliminary Ecological Appraisal or | |
| accordance with | DESIGNATED SITE, | NPPF Section 15: | Ecological Survey Report for proposals | Biodiversity Net Gain Technical Note |
| British Standard BS | PRIORITY HABITAT OR | Paras 179 and 182 | with a reasonable likelihood of affecting | <u>June 2021</u> |
| 42020:2013) | PROTECTED SPECIES | | protected species (e.g. Great Crested | |
| | including all proposals | NPPG: Natural | Newts, bats, birds, badgers). | Biodiversity in Planning |
| | within, adjacent to, or | Environment | | Web-based planning tool, including a |
| | likely to have an | | A Preliminary Ecological Appraisal is a | Wildlife Assessment Check that offers |
| | impact on a European | The Conservation | baseline study to inform the likely | householders and small to medium scale |
| | site, Local Wildlife Site | of Habitats and | significance of ecological impacts from | developers a simple check to see whether |
| | and/or the Kirklees | Species Regulations | the proposed development. It should be | a potential development requires |
| | Wildlife Habitat | 2017 (as amended) | undertaken by a suitably qualified | ecological advice. |
| | Network. | | ecologist and it will help inform whether | |
| | | Circular 06/2005 | further ecological surveys are required to | Guidelines for Ecological Impact |
| | Preliminary Ecological | | assess the ecological impacts. The | Assessment.pdf Prepared by the Chartered |
| | <u>Appraisal</u> Householder | | importance of ecological features within | Institute of Ecology and Environmental |
| | applications where | | the Preliminary Ecological Appraisal | Management (September 2018) |
| | there may be impacts | | should be described on a geographic | |
| | on designated sites, | | scale. | National Planning Guidance on the Natural |
| | priority habitat, | | | Environment (NPPG) |
| | protected species or | | An Ecological Survey is a survey for | |
| | sites within or | | habitats and species. It should at least: | Guidelines for Ecological Report Writing |
| | adjacent to Local | | Identify the presence of important | Produced by the Chartered Institute of |
| | Wildlife Sites and/or | | habitats or species | Ecology and Environmental Management |
| | the Wildlife Habitat | | Inform an evaluation of the nature | (2 nd edition December 2017) |
| | Network. | | conservation value of the site, to | |
| | | | facilitate an assessment of the | West Yorkshire Joint Services guidance for |
| | Ecological Survey | | significance of the impacts of the | <u>developments - ecological validation</u> |
| | Report Householder | | development for biodiversity | |
| | applications with a | | Help identify opportunities to | Minimum Standards for Bat Surveys in |
| | reasonable likelihood | | enhance the biodiversity of the site. | West Yorkshire: |
| | of affecting a single | | | https://www.wyjs.org.uk/media/1367/150 |
| | protected species (e.g. | | | |

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| | Great Crested Newts, | | Ecological Surveys usually remain valid | 603-minimum-standards-for-bat-surveys- |
| | bats, birds, badgers). | | for a period of two years. | version-5-draft-lp.pdf |
| | Ecological Impact | | All other major and minor applications: | |
| | Assessment (EcIA) | | An EcIA uses information from the | |
| | All other minor | | Preliminary Ecological Appraisal and any | |
| | applications and all | | other ecological surveys to quantify and | |
| | major applications. | | evaluate the potential impacts of | |
| | | | development-related or other proposed | |
| | NB Many ecological | | actions on habitats, species and | |
| | assessments are | | ecosystems. The EcIA should include a | |
| | seasonally | | characterisation of the impacts to | |
| | constrained, as | | important ecological features and | |
| | detailed within | | identify any significant ecological effects | |
| | Appendix 5. | | resulting from these impacts, which | |
| | | | should be described using a geographic | |
| | | | scale. | |
| Foul Drainage | ALL applications which | KLP Policy LP27 | All new buildings need separate | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Assessment | propose to | | connections to foul and storm/surface | |
| | incorporate a non- | NPPF Section 14 | water sewers. If an application proposes | Foul drainage assessment form |
| | mains foul drainage | and Para 167 | to connect a development to the existing | |
| | system. | | drainage system then details of the | Water supply wastewater and water- |
| | | NPPG: Water | existing system should be shown on a | quality guidance |
| | | supply, wastewater | drawing(s). In most circumstances | NPPG Guidance |
| | | and water quality | surface water is not permitted to be | |
| | | | connected to the public foul sewers. | For further information see the |
| | | | | Environment Agency's publication: |
| | | | Where connection to the mains sewer is | Guidance on the permeable surfacing of |
| | | | not practical, the foul/non-mains | front gardens. |
| | | | drainage assessment (FDA) should | |
| | | | demonstrate why the development | As well as the planning applications |
| | | | cannot connect to the public mains sewer | process, details of Environment Agency |
| | | | system and that the alternative means of | |

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| | | | disposal are satisfactory. As a minimum the Environment Agency's FDA assessment form should be submitted. If the proposed development results in any changes/replacement to the existing system or the creation of a new system, plans of the new foul drainage arrangements will also need to be provided. If connection to any of the above requires crossing land that is not in the applicant's ownership, other than on a public highway, then notice may need to be served on the owners of that land. An application should indicate how the development will treat foul water and any subsequent discharge of the treated effluent including the pipework from the treatment system and to the point of discharge (e.g. field soakaway or surface water body). | Environmental Permit requirements are set out here |
| Habitat Regulations Assessment Information to support screening and/or Appropriate Assessment | Any application within or adjacent to, or with the potential to impact any of the following European sites: | KLP Policy LP30 The Conservation of Habitats and Species Regulations 2017 | It is the responsibility of the LPA, as competent authority, to screen applications for 'likely significant effects' on any European site and to undertake an 'appropriate assessment' if likely significant effects are identified. | Appropriate Assessment: Guidance on the use of Habitat Regulations Assessment (NPPG Guidance) Habitat Regulations Assessments in West Yorkshire |

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| | Peak District Moors (South Pennine Moors Phase 1) Special Protection Area South Pennine Moors Phase 2 Special Protection Area South Pennine Moors Special Area of Conservation Denby Grange Colliery Ponds Special Area of Conservation | | The nature of the information needed to support this screening or assessment is determined by the LPA on a case-by-case basis. The screening process can be informed with reference to Natural England's SSSI Impact Risk Zones, also available through the MAGIC interactive map, which indicates when Natural England should be consulted. Screening or appropriate assessment may be undertaken for proposals that do not otherwise exceed the triggers within the SSSI Impact Risk Zones tool where the LPA considers this necessary. Where there is concern, a request for pre-application advice should specifically seek clarification | |
| Health Impact | Any MAJOR | KLP Policy LP47 | Health Impact Assessment (HIA) is a | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Assessment | application | | structured process that uses evidence, | |
| (Rapid HIA) | comprising: | NPPF Section 8 | data and intelligence from a range of sources to assess the public health | Kirklees Council Rapid Health Impact Assessment (HIA) for Spatial Planning |
| | (i) 50 dwellings and above. (ii) A floor space of over 1,000m² AND if the proposed development is in a ward which has been identified to have one or more of the five | NPPG: Promoting healthy and safe communities | consequences of proposals. The aim of a HIA is to identify the potential health impacts of the proposal based on evidence. It is also to recommend measures to enhance positive impacts and mitigate adverse impacts. | Guidance Note |

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| | public health indicators (higher than the Kirklees average), where the land use planning could have an influence (see Table 1): https://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/planning-policy/pdf/examinatio n/background-papers/BP23 Local Pl an Methodology Stat ement Part 2.pdf AND/OR The proposed development is in a ward within Kirklees that has been ranked one of the five most deprived by the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) (see Table 2): https://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/planning-policy/pdf/examinatio n/background-papers/BP23 Local Pl an Methodology Stat ement Part 2.pdf | | HIAs promote sustainable developments that support the creation of strong, vibrant and healthy communities, by: Demonstrating that health impacts have been properly considered when preparing, evaluating and determining development proposals. Ensuring developments contribute to the creation of a strong, healthy and just society. Helping applicants to demonstrate that they have worked closely with those directly affected by their proposals to evolve designs that take account of the views of the community. Identifying and highlighting any beneficial impacts on health and wellbeing of a particular development scheme. Identifying and taking action to minimise any negative impacts on health and wellbeing of a particular development scheme. | |

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| ALL applications affecting a heritage asset including: NPPF: Chapter 16: Conserving and Enhancing the within or affecting the setting of a Conservation Area (CA) Listed Building Consern applications affecting a Listed Building or its curtilage or setting Planning applications affecting a the setting or its curtilage or setting ALL applications affecting a heritage asset including: NPPF: Chapter 16: Conserving and Enhancing the Historic Environment NPPF (2019) and demonstrate that the Historic Environment Heritage Asset has been assessed and understood using best practice methors. This must include an assessment of the significance of its archaeological, architectural, artistic or historic importance and the contribution of its setting to that significance. Planning applications affecting a Listed Building or its curtilage or setting Applications for relevant demolition in a CA Applications affecting nationally and locally | council's website. https://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/trees- listing-and-conservation/heritage- statements.aspx West Yorkshire Historic Environment Record https://www.wyjs.org.uk/archaeology- advisory/ Email: wyher@wyjs.org.uk Telephone number: 0113 535 0157 Address: West Yorkshire Archaeology Advisory Service, Nepshaw Lane South, Morley, Leeds, LS27 7JQ Historic England Historic Environment Good Practice Advice in Planning Managing Significance in Decision-Taking in the Historic Environment |

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| | Applications affecting non- designated heritage assets Applications affecting a scheduled monument | | | |
| Land Contamination Assessment | A Phase 1 Contaminated Land Report (and possibly also a Phase 2 report and Remediation Strategy) will be required before determining the application if the site is considered to be very likely to be highly contaminated and that satisfactory remediation may not be possible to prevent risks to sensitive end users, mainly on-site but could also include risks to receptors off- site from migrating contamination. | NPPF Section 15 Paragraph 183 NPPG | Contaminated land report should be completed by a suitable competent person. A Phase 1 Report needs to be relevant to the proposed development and should at least include: • Historical research from available maps, plans, records, current activities on the site and those adjoining and any likely sources of contamination • Identification of potential receptors that could be affected • Determination of the site's environmental setting i.e. location, geology, hydrogeology, proximity to open/closed landfill sites, etc • Site walkover to identify any local features that might not be picked up | Kirklees Council Guidance for Development on Land affected by Contamination: https://www.kirklees.gov.uk/beta/plannin g-applications/pdf/development-land- contamination.pdf https://www.gov.uk/guidance/land- contamination-how-to-manage-the-risks BS10175:2011+A2:2017 "Investigation of potentially contaminated sites. Code of practice" Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM): How to assess and manage the risks from land contamination. https://www.gov.uk/government/publicati ons/land-contamination-risk- management-lcrm (October 2020) |

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| | This would be mainly | | on maps and to check for visual or | |
| | for applications that | | olfactory evidence of contamination | |
| | would result in | | From the gathered information an | |
| | sensitive or vulnerable | | initial conceptual model of the site | |
| | end users e.g. | | to establish whether or not there | |
| | residential, schools, | | are potentially unacceptable risks | |
| | Nurseries, allotments, | | and recommendations on whether | |
| | play areas, hospitals, | | further investigation or action is | |
| | including ground and | | necessary | |
| | surface waters being | | | |
| | introduced to and/or | | A Phase 2 assessment will be guided by | |
| | affected by a location | | the Phase 1 report and will require | |
| | that is known or | | physical on site investigation. If | |
| | suspected to be | | unacceptable risks are confirmed, the | |
| | contaminated to an | | contaminated land will need to be | |
| | extent that it could | | remediated in accordance with an | |
| | adversely affect the | | approved Remediation Strategy and the | |
| | proposal and/or | | results validated and submitted as a | |
| | create new pollutant | | Validation Report(s). | |
| | linkages. E.G. where | | | |
| | the site: | | | |
| | Has previous | | | |
| | manufacturing or | | | |
| | industrial activity | | | |
| | Chemical or fuel | | | |
| | storage | | | |
| | Treatment or | | | |
| | disposal of waste | | | |
| | Within 250 m of a | | | |
| | former or current | | | |
| | landfill site | | | |
| | Where it is | | | |
| | suspected the land | | | |

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| | may be contaminated due to its uses now or in the past. | | | |
| Landfill Statement | Where landfill forms part of the proposed development. | National Planning Policy for Waste NPPF Chapters 15 and 17 NPPG: Minerals, Waste and Land Stability | Applicants should provide sufficient information to enable the waste planning authority to fulfil its requirements under the Landfill (England and Wales) Regulations 2002. This information may be provided as part of an Environmental Statement. | Planning Practice Guidance on Waste |
| Lighting Assessment | ALL applications involving exterior lighting where it would be likely to materially affect local amenity, dark landscape, road safety or nature conservation. ALL applications for Sports pitches, car parks and major new buildings. | NPPF Section 15 para 185c | A Lighting Assessment to include the following: The proposed level of maintained average horizontal illuminance for the site with reference to guidance documents to demonstrate that the levels of illuminance are appropriate for the intended use. The predicted vertical illuminance that will be caused by lighting when measured at the windows of nearby properties to demonstrate that it will not be excessive. | For issues specifically relating to the effect of lighting on bats see the Bat Conservation Trust guidelines 'Bats and Lighting in the UK' An overview of issues relating to light pollution can be found in the Institution of Lighting Professional's (I.L.P.) 'Guidance Notes for the reduction of obtrusive light' (GN01:2011) https://www.theilp.org.uk/documents/obtrusive-light/ Further guidance, with a particular emphasis on floodlighting relating to |
| | Applications for advertisement consent where the adverts are to be | | The specification of the luminaires, including their number and location, column height, the type and rating of the lamps, the design of lamp housing and | sports development can be found in British Standard BS EN 12193: 2018 - Light and lighting - Sports lighting and Sport England's Artificial Sports Lighting: Design |

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| | illuminated, including Digital Advertisement Display Panels | | proposals to minimise or eliminate glare from the use of the lighting installation, to include a light spill plan. The proposed hours of operation of the lighting | Guidance Note (Nov 2012) and Outdoor Sports Lighting Briefing Note (2010). Two sources available to purchase are Society of Light and Lighting document LG04 Lighting Guide: Sports |
| | | | For external Illuminated adverts: The type and location of any luminaires and information (manufacturer specification) to demonstrate that these will not cause glare at nearby light sensitive premises or to drivers on nearby highways and nearby pedestrians (the level of information should be proportionate to the scale of the proposals). The dimensions of each advertisement that is to be illuminated | Other guidance for lighting of other areas can be found in BS 5489-1: 2020 Code of Practice for the Design of Road Lighting - Part 1: Lighting of Roads Public and Amenity Areas Further guidance regarding illuminated advertisements can be found in Professional Lighting Guide (PLG) 05 - The Brightness of Illuminated Advertisements by The Institution of Lighting Professionals (2014) at: https://theilp.org.uk/publication/plg05-the-brightness-of-illuminated-advertisements/ |
| | | | The level of luminance (in cd/m²) of the advertisement The times of day when the illumination will be operated. | |
| | | | For digital advertisement display panels, how the luminance will differ for times of daylight and times of darkness. | |

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| Main Town Centre Uses - Sequential Test ⁵ | All proposals for main town centre uses, which are located outside of the defined centre boundaries, excluding offices and small scale proposals of 150m² and under in Green Belt. | KLP Policy LP13 NPPF, Chapter 7 Ensuring the vitality of town centres paragraphs 86, 87, 88, 90 and 91 NPPG, Town centres and retail | The sequential test guides main town centre uses towards town centre locations first. Then, if no town centre locations are available, to edge of centre locations, and, if neither town centre locations nor edge of centre locations are available, to out of centre locations (with preference for accessible sites which are well connected to the town centre). Paragraph 9.12 in the Local Plan provides guidance on the evidence that an applicant is expected to provide. This is in addition to the guidance set out at paragraph 0.11 of the NPPG. | National Planning Guidance on Town Centres and Retail (NPPG) Kirklees Local Plan |
| Main Town Centre Uses - Impact Assessment | All retail, leisure and office developments not located within a defined centre where: • The floorspace is greater than 500m² gross or • The proposal is within 800 metres of the boundary of a Town Centre or District Centre and | KLP Policy LP13 NPPF, Chapter 7 Ensuring the vitality of town centres paragraphs 89 and 90 NPPG, Town centres and retail | The purpose of the test is to consider the impact over time of certain out of centre and edge of centre proposals on town centre vitality/viability and investment. For guidance on its content, refer to paragraphs 014 to 018 of the NPPG. The scope and content of the impact assessment shall be agreed with the council and shall be reflective of the scale, role and function of the proposal. | National Planning Guidance on Town Centres and Retail (NPPG) Kirklees Local Plan |

⁵ For the definition of a main town centre use please refer to Appendix 1: Definitions

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| | is greater than 300m² gross or | | | |
| | The proposal is within 800 metres of the boundary of a Local Centre and is greater than 200 | | | |
| | m ² gross. | | | |
| Noise Impact Assessment | ALL applications involving noise sensitive development (such as residential, hospitals and schools) adjacent to major roads or other transportation or industrial/commercial noise sources. Developments which contain noise sources, whether internally or | KLP Policy LP52, NPPF 15 para 185a NPPG: Noise | The requirement for a noise assessment must be determined on a site by site basis taking account of the specifics of the proposals and the character of the area. The requirement for an assessment should be identified at pre-planning application stage at which time, where deemed necessary, the scope of the report and assessment of any impacts can be determined. All noise assessments should be carried | Noise Policy Statement for England (March 2010) British Standard BS4142: |
| | externally, which may have an impact upon existing "noise sensitive" use Residential development in town centres. | | out by a suitably competent person. | |

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| Open Space/Sport and Recreation Building and Land Assessment | All applications seeking to develop open spaces including sports and recreational buildings and playing fields All applications which would result in the loss of Urban Green Space (as identified on the Kirklees Local Plan Policies Map) All applications for 11+ new dwellings All applications for residential where the cumulative total number of dwellings (including adjacent sites of residential use either existing or proposed) equates to 11+ dwellings | KLP Policies: LP5, LP24, LP32, LP50, LP61, LP63, NPPF paras 98-103, 119, 126-136, 153- 174-182 NPPG: Open space, sports and recreation facilities | The application should include a plan and/or table showing the following: Measured areas and identification of all greenspace typologies and landscape features including Amenity Greenspace, Parks and Recreation Grounds, Natural and Semi Natural Greenspace, Allotments, Children and Young People's Provision (LAP, LEAP, NEAP, MUGA) and Outdoor Sports Where the application relates to playing field land, please also check the Sport England policy and guidance on planning applications affecting playing fields checklist | Kirklees Local Plan Open Space SPD (June 2021) Kirklees Open Space Study Kirklees Playing Pitch Strategy New playing fields planning guidance Sport England |
| Planning Statement | All MAJOR applications | All relevant policies and guidance | The Planning Statement should provide an overview of the proposal and a clear description of its key impacts. A summary (no more than 20 pages) is required only where the supporting information exceeds 100 pages. | Kirklees Local Plan |

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| | | | Planning Policy text does not need to be repeated verbatim in the Planning Statement | |
| Priority Employment Areas Statement to support loss to a non-employment use | Proposals involving the conversion or change of use of sites and premises in use, or last used, for employment within Priority Employment Areas (as identified on the Policies Map of the Kirklees Local Plan). | KLP Policy LP8 NPPF Chapter 6 Paragraphs 81 and 82 | a) Demonstration that the site or premises are no longer capable of employment use b) The availability of business/industrial sites of equivalent quality in the area c) That the proposed use is compatible with neighbouring uses and where applicable, would not prejudice the continued use of neighbouring land for employment. d) It should also be demonstrated that the site has been marketed as a potential site for business and industry and why the building(s) do not fulfil the standards required by modern commercial uses. The period of marketing would need to be agreed by the council and will be reflective of the significance of the employment asset. | Kirklees Local Plan |

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| Schedule of residential accommodation | ALL applications for new residential development (including conversions and change of use) | KLP Policy LP11/ Policy LP24 | A schedule setting out the tenure, number of bedrooms per house by plot number, house type, number of storeys and the Gross Internal Area ⁶ of each house/house type proposed. This should also identify whether any of the dwellings fall within the definition of Custom and Self-Build. | Kirklees Local Plan Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (2021) https://www.gov.uk/guidance/self-build-and-custom-housebuilding Technical Housing Standards - Nationally Described Space Standard Statutory Guidance Also see 'Affordable Housing Provision' in this list |
| Site Waste Management Plan | Non-householder applications involving the demolition/ excavation of material from the site. Major residential and commercial applications involving the provision of refuse storage facilities. Other applications that will have an | KLP Policies LP24 and LP43 | A plan or statement showing appropriate arrangements and/or space for the storage and collection of recycling and refuse. | Waste Management Design Guide for New Developments (kirklees.gov.uk) |

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⁶ The Gross Internal Area of a dwelling is defined as the total floor space measured between the internal faces of perimeter walls that enclose the dwelling. This includes partitions, structural elements, cupboards, ducts, flights of stairs and voids above stairs.

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| | impact on the generation of waste, for example conversion to flats, changes of use to bars, restaurants, takeaway food outlets. | | | |
| Statement of | MAJOR planning | Kirklees | A statement detailing pre-application | Kirklees Development Management |
| Community | applications where | Development | consultation methods, a summary of | <u>Charter</u> |
| Involvement | community | Management | responses and how these have been | |
| | consultation has taken place prior to the submission of a planning application. This will usually be appropriate where: | Charter 2015 | taken into consideration. | |
| | the proposals are likely to have a significant impact on the environment or on the local community; and/or | | | |
| | the development is likely to attract significant local interest | | | |
| Structural Survey | Applications for the | KLP Policies: LP35, | The report should be prepared by a | Kirklees Local Plan |
| | conversion / re-use of | LP36, LP44, LP46, | Chartered Structural Engineer with | |
| | buildings in the Green | LP53, LP60 | expertise in the type of work involved | |
| | Belt to demonstrate | | and should, amongst other things, justify | |
| | that they are of | | the extent and nature of any proposed | |

| Permanent and substantial construction | INFORMATION REQUIRED | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
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| construction Developments on land known or suspected to be potentially unstable Proposals for free standing retaining structures e.g. gabion baskets Proposals for the excavation of land that would affect site stability Applications for listed building consent and relevant demolition in a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development, because of the proposed of the proposed residential development of the proposed of the proposed residential development of the proposed of the proposed residential development of the proposed residential de | | • | • | | |
| Developments on land known or suspected to be potentially unstable Proposals for free standing retaining structures e.g. gabion baskets Proposals for the excavation of land that would affect site stability Applications for listed building consent and relevant demolition in a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other 17) In the case of applications for the conversion/fre-use of buildings, it will need to demonstrate that they are structurally sound and capable of being developed without the need for substantial demolition and reconstruction. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. | | | • | demolition. | |
| Developments on land known or suspected to be potentially unstable Proposals for free standing retaining structures e.g. gabion baskets Proposals for the excavation of land that would affect site stability Applications for listed building consent and relevant demolition in a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments Sunlight proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Proposals for the excavation of land that would affect site stability Applications for listed building sor onter structural alterations to building sor other KLP Policy LP24 and conversion/re-use of buildings, it will need to demonstrate that they are structurally sound and capable of being developed without the need for substantial demolition and reconstruction. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments KLP Policy LP24 and the specific proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other | | construction | • | La tha ann a Cara Parties Caraba | |
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| excavation of land that would affect site stability Applications for listed building consent and relevant demolition in a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Example 4 | | | | | |
| would affect site stability Applications for listed building consent and relevant demolition in a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Would affect site stablished buildings or other The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | Proposals for the | | | |
| Sunlight/Daylight Assessments Sunlight Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Sunlights or other KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight — A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | excavation of land that | | | |
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| relevant demolition in a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments Sunlight/Daylight of its proximity to either existing buildings or other KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | Applications for listed | | | |
| a conservation area which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | • • | | | |
| which involve structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Which involve structural alterations to building/structure. KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | relevant demolition in | | | |
| structural alterations to building/structure. Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | | | | |
| Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | | | | |
| Sunlight/Daylight Assessments When a proposed residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other KLP Policy LP24 The assessment should be carried out in accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | | | | |
| Assessments residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Assessments residential development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other accordance with the British Research Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | | | | |
| development, because of its proximity to either existing buildings or other NPPF: Sections 11 Para 125c Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Establishment document Site Layout Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Kirklees Housebuilder Design Guide SPD (June 2021) | | | KLP Policy LP24 | | Kirklees Local Plan |
| of its proximity to either existing buildings or other Para 125c Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. Planning for Daylight and Sunlight – A guide to Good Practice. | Assessments | | NIDDE: Carling Ad | | Windows Haveshallder Bester C. 14: CBB |
| either existing guide to Good Practice. buildings or other | | • | | , | I ———————————————————————————————————— |
| buildings or other | | | Para 1250 | 1 | (June 2021) |
| | | _ | | guide to dood Fractice. | |
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| | within the development, is likely to receive low levels of sunlight and/or daylight to habitable rooms or when the scale and form of a development is likely to result in significant shadowing impacts upon neighbouring properties or land. | | Daylight, vertical sky component, sunlight availability, average daylight factor and shadow studies should be undertaken and assessed against the criteria set out in the BRE document. | |
| Transport Assessment (TA) or Transport Statement (TS) | TA: ALL major development which would have significant transport implications. TS: Any Major development which would have less than significant transport implications. | KLP Policy LP21 NPPF: Chapter 9 Para 113 NPPG: Travel Plans, Transport Assessments and Statements | Transport Assessments/Statements are ways of assessing the potential transport impacts of developments (and they may propose mitigation measures to promote sustainable development). Refer to Government guidance (see right) on Travel Plans, Transport Assessments and Transport Statements for advice on their content. Consideration should be given to | Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Highways Design Guide SPD Government guidance on Travel Plans, Transport Assessments and Transport Statements |
| Travel Plan | Required for the following: i. All residential planning applications of 50+dwellings, or the | LP20 – Sustainable Travel NPPF: Chapter 9 Para 113 NPPG: Travel Plans, Transport | committed schemes, nearby allocations and cumulative impacts. Travel Plans are long-term management strategies for integrating proposals for sustainable travel into the planning process. They are based on evidence of the anticipated transport impacts of development and set measures to promote and encourage sustainable | Kirklees Local Plan Government guidance on Travel Plans, Transport Assessment and Transport Statements |

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| | site area is over 0.5 hectares ii. Major non-residential applications where the floor space to be built is over 1,000m2 or the site area is 1 hectare or above iii. Proposals that are likely to have significant amounts of transport movement on a case-by-case basis. | Assessments and Statements Highways Design Guide SPD | travel (such as promoting walking and cycling). Refer to Government guidance (see right) on Travel Plans, Transport Assessments and Transport Statements for advice on their content. | |
| Tree (Arboricultural) Survey | Where there are trees, protected by either Tree Preservation Order or Conservation Area status, within the application site, or on land adjacent to it that could influence or be affected by the development. | KLP Policies: LP24, LP33 NPPF Chapter 15 Paragraphs 174. 179 and 180 NPPG: Biodiversity, 'Trees and woodland' | Detailed application: Tree Survey Arboricultural Impact Assessment, with tree constraints plan Arboricultural Method Statement, with tree protection plan Details of existing and proposed levels Outline application: Tree Survey Arboricultural Impact Assessment, with tree constraints plan | Kirklees Local Plan Kirklees Council Guidance on Trees |

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| | Any proposal involving development within 2m of the canopy spread of a tree (including street trees). | | Details of existing and proposed levels Outline with some matters reserved: As for Detailed above, where the reserved matters to be considered may affect trees Where householder applications affect trees, it may be appropriate to provide a lesser level of information. This will be judged on a case by case basis. Clarification can be sought through the pre-application service. | |
| Ventilation and/or Extraction Details | For all applications for Use Class E(b) sale of food and drink for consumption of the premises and public houses, wine bars, or drinking establishments (suigeneric) For applications within Use Classes E(g) or other classes where ventilation extract systems are required. | | The information will need to clearly demonstrate that the proposed ventilation system will be sufficient to effectively control the likely odours that will come from the development so that they do not cause a loss of amenity and that the noise from operation of the equipment is also effectively controlled so that it does not cause a loss of amenity. | Guidance on the Assessment of Odour for Planning by Institute of Air Quality management (version 1.1 July 2018 Control of Odour and Noise from Commercial Kitchen Exhaust Systems by EMAQ 2018 (An update to the 2004 report prepared by NETCEN for the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs). |
| Viability Appraisal | All development proposals which would generate the | KLP Policies: LP4: Infrastructure | The council expect the viability assessment to follow the guidance on viability published in the NPPG, alongside | Kirklees Local Plan |

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| Please Note: In | requirement for | LP11: Affordable | the Framework and the council's Viability | Kirklees Viability Guidance Note (June |
| accordance with | contributions (as set | housing | Guidance Note. | <u>2020)</u> |
| the revised NPPF | out in the policy | LP5: Master- | | |
| 2019 and | drivers) to be secured | planning | It must be prepared by a suitably | NPPG: Viability |
| accompanying | through planning | LP19: Strategic | qualified person, such as a RICS surveyor. | |
| guidance (2019), | obligation where the | transport | | Also see 'Affordable Housing Financial |
| viability | applicant wishes to | infrastructure (para | A Viability Assessment in the event of a | Viability Assessment' within this list |
| assessments will | demonstrate that the | 10.59) | proposed provision that is not policy | |
| now be made | proposed | LP23: Core walking | compliant is to be submitted in | |
| publicly available | development will be | and cycling route | accordance with the guidance on viability | |
| other than in | unviable in a particular | LP49: Educational | published in the NPPG, alongside the | |
| exceptional | set(s) of circumstances | and health care | Framework | |
| circumstances for | | needs | | |
| reasons of | | LP63: New open | | |
| commercial | | space. | | |
| sensitivity. Even in | | | | |
| these cases, an | | NPPF Paragraphs | | |
| executive summary | | 58, 124, 195 and | | |
| should still be | | 197 (specific to | | |
| made publicly | | heritage assets) | | |
| available with the | | | | |
| commercially | | NPPG Viability | | |
| sensitive | | | | |
| information | | | | |
| aggregated as part | | | | |
| of total costs. | | | | |
| Water Bodies | Applications to | KLP Policies: LP29, | A statement to provide evidence that the | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Assessment: | develop sites | LP27, LP34 | scheme retains the area of water and | |
| Water Area | containing a water | NPPF Sections 14, | includes an effective future management | Water Environment (Water Framework |
| affected by | body with capacity | 15 and 16 | plan. | Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations |
| development | between 500 – | | | 2017. |
| (including Mill | 25,000m ³ | | Where relevant, evidence to demonstrate that the development will | |

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| | | | | |
| Ponds and private reservoirs) | Applications to develop sites with extant mill pond (whether on site or remote from site) Applications that may have an adverse impact on an existing private water supply Applications that are to be served by a new or existing private water supply. | NPPG Water Quality and Flood Risk | not have an adverse impact on an existing private drinking water supply or its collection ground. For new developments that require a water supply, but do not have access to a mains supply, evidence to demonstrate that the development can be provided with a wholesome drinking water supply that can provide a sufficient quantity of water for the development. | |
| Water quality / | All planning | The Water | Applicant should consider the impacts on | Kirklees Local Plan |
| Water Framework | applications that | Environment | water bodies in a three stage approach: | |
| Directive assessment | would: • involve physical modifications to a waterbody: and | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | Water Environment (Water Framework Directive) (England and Wales) Regulations 2017. | |
| | /or • indirectly affect waterbodies. This includes works that would: • lead to deterioration of a waterbody; • prevent future improvement of a waterbody | Local Plan LP28, LP34 National Planning Practice Guidance | Within this, applicants should consider the following: The impact the activity may have on the immediate water body and any linked water bodies, and whether the activity complies with the river basin management plan (RBMP). This should consider: All activities that will be carried out; | National Guidance: Water Framework <u>Directive assessment</u> |

| INFORMATION REQUIRED | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---------------------------------|--|-----------------|---|--|
| | | | Construction, operation and decommissioning; and The water body the activity is in and all water bodies that could be affected. Depending on what is found at each stage, you may need to undertake all stages. Where it is likely that a proposal would have a significant adverse impact on water quality then an impact assessment will be required. | |
| Wind Microclimate Assessment | When the scale of the development proposed would result in micro-climatic conditions that could result in wind levels affecting pedestrian and vehicle movement outside of the building. | KLP Policy LP24 | Wind tunnel modelling will be required to assess the impact that new development will have on a local wind environment and any consequential effects on pedestrian comfort and safety using the Lawson criteria for comfort and safety. | Kirklees Local Plan https://www.bregroup.com/publications/ wind-microclimate-and-pedestrian- comfort/ |

11 VALIDATION REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER TYPES OF APPLICATION

- Table 5 sets out details relating to:
 - o Applications to modify or discharge a planning obligation
 - o Application for approval of details reserved by condition (Discharge of Condition)
 - Hedgerow Removal Notice application
 - Notification for Demolition
 - o Permission in Principle
 - Prior notification applications
 - o Removal or variation of a condition following grant of planning permission (S73 or s73a application)
 - Non-material amendment application (NMA)
 - Wind Energy Applications

Table 5 Validation Requirements for other types of application

| TYPE OF | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER |
|----------------|---------------------|----------------|---|------------------------------------|
| APPLICATION | | | | GUIDANCE |
| Application to | For any proposed | | Completed application form and | Sections 106A and 106B of the Town |
| Modify or | modification to an | | certificates | and Country Planning Act 1990 |
| Discharge a | agreed Planning | | | |
| Planning | Obligation | | Reasons for applying for the | |
| Obligation | | | modification or discharge of the | |
| | | | Obligation. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | Site Plan identifying the land to which | |
| | | | the obligation relates at 1:1250 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | Evidence of ownership of the land (in | |
| | | | the form of an up to date copy of the | |
| | | | Land Registry Register of Title and | |
| | | | Title Plan) | |
| | | | | |

| TYPE OF APPLICATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|--|--|----------------|---|---|
| | | | Evidence that the application is being made after the expiry of the 'relevant period' ⁷ | |
| Application for approval of details reserved by condition (Discharge of Condition) | Following the grant of planning permission some conditions may need to be discharged, some prior to commencement, or other trigger point | | The following National Requirements apply: Submitted in writing (application form, letter or email) Appropriate fee The following Local Requirements apply: Any plans, drawings or information necessary to describe the subject and purpose of the applications. Any documents/plans required by the condition. Where the condition requires a timescale for the works, please make this clear. Please check that all elements of the condition are submitted | Planning Portal Discharge of Condition advice National Planning Guidance on the Use of Planning Conditions |

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⁷ as may be specified in the Obligation, or a period of 5 years' beginning on the date the Obligation was entered into (or if related to review of affordable housing requirements as set out in S106BA of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, as modified by the Growth and Infrastructure Act)

| TYPE OF | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| APPLICATION | | | | GUIDANCE |
| Hedgerow Removal Notice application | For removal of a hedgerow protected under The Hedgerows Regulations (1997) To check if a hedgerow is protected and if an application to the LPA for hedgerow removal is required please refer to Natural England's | | Please note: where samples are required please submit photographs or arrange to leave the samples on site with the Case Officer as the council is unable to accept samples in the office. A plan (preferably 1:2,500 scale) clearly identifying the hedgerow to be removed The reasons for removal Evidence the hedge is less than 30 years old A statement as to whether you are the owner, tenant or manager of the hedgerow, or relevant utility company | Kirklees Council Apply to remove a hedgerow |
| Notification for demolition | Guidance Countryside hedgerows: protection and management. For proposals to demolish a building, or to 'substantially demolish' part of a Building If the building is listed, Listed Building Consent (LBC) will be required for any Demolition. | Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended) | A statement that the applicant has displayed a site notice in accordance with Part 11 of Schedule 2 of the General Permitted Development Order 2015 (GPDO) A written description of the proposed development, a statement that a notice has been posted in accordance with paragraph (b)(iv) and any fee required to be paid. | Government guidance on demolition: https://www.gov.uk/guidance/when- is-permission-required Planning Portal guidance: https://www.planningportal.co.uk/inf o/200130/common_projects/13/dem olition |

| TYPE OF | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| APPLICATION | | | | GUIDANCE |
| Permission in | An alternative way of | Town and Country | Stage 1 – Permission in Principle (PiP) | Government guidance on permission- |
| Principle and | obtaining planning | Planning | The following National Requirements | <u>in-principle</u> |
| Technical Details | permission for | (Permission in | apply: | |
| Consent | housing-led | Principle) | a completed application form | |
| | development. | (Amendment) | a plan which identifies the land | |
| | | Order 2017 | to which the application relates, | |
| | | | drawn to an identified scale and | |
| | | | showing the direction North | |
| | | | correct application fee | |
| | | | | |
| | | | Stage 2 – Technical Details Consent | |
| | | | (TDC) | |
| | | | At this stage the details of the | |
| | | | proposed development are assessed. | |
| | | | An application for TDC follows the | |
| | | | same validation process as a full | |
| | | | application and should be submitted | |
| | | | on a full application form making | |
| | | | reference to Planning in Principle in | |
| | | | the proposal. The TDC will be subject | |
| | | | to the relevant National and Local | |
| | | | requirements for the development as | |
| | | | set out above in this document. | |
| Prior Notification | Prior notifications are | Schedule 2 of the | Prior notifications are subject to | <u>Prior Approval Consent Types</u> |
| Approvals | not applications for | Town and Country | national requirements as follows: | |
| | planning permission | Planning (General | Completed form or a written | |
| | but are confirmation | Permitted | description of the proposed | |
| | of the intent to take | Development) | development which must include | |
| | up permitted | (England) Order | any building or other operations | |
| | development rights. | 2015 (as amended) | A plan indicating the site | |
| | Schedule 2 of the | (GPDO) | Contact details for | |
| | General Permitted | | applicant/agent | |
| | Development Order | | | |

| TYPE OF | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| APPLICATION | | | | GUIDANCE |
| | | | Application specific supporting information e.g., flood risk assessment Appropriate fee Although prior notifications are not subject to local requirements, there may be additional information required in order to fully consider the notification. Further information regarding prior notifications and what additional information may be required can be found in Schedule 2 of the General Permitted Development Order. | |
| Removal or variation of a condition following grant of planning permission (S73 or S73a application) | Kirklees Council will not accept a S73 or S73A application in the following circumstances: • Alteration to the redline of a previously permitted scheme • The proposed change cannot be reasonably conceived with the terms of the original planning application | Section 73 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 | The following National Requirements apply: | Government guidance on flexible- options-for-planning-permissions Please note: Where approval is granted a new planning permission will be issued but the original permission will remain intact and un- amended. If the aspect you are seeking to remove or vary is expressly included in the original planning permission description this will remain in the description when the Section 73 is issued. |

| TYPE OF | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER |
|---|--|---|--|---|
| APPLICATION | | | | GUIDANCE |
| | The effect of the proposed changes would not be minor in nature To extend the time limit within which a development must be started or an application for approval of reserved matters must be made If there is no relevant approved plans condition | | | |
| Non-material amendment application (NMA) (S96) | To make a non- material amendment to planning permission where applicable. | S96A of the Town and Country Planning Act | The following will be required: Completed form Relevant drawings and plans so that the extent and nature of the proposal can be clearly identified (i.e. as approved and as proposed) Appropriate fee | Protocol for Non-Material Amendments at Kirklees Flexible options for planning permissions - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) |
| Wind Energy Applications | For applications relating to wind turbines. | KLP Policy LP26 | Statement of Design Rationale and Access Landscape, Visual and Cumulative Impact Assessment Planning Statement Photomontage/Wireframe Diagrams | Kirklees Local Plan |

| TYPE OF APPLICATION | WHEN IT IS REQUIRED | POLICY DRIVERS | WHAT INFORMATION IS REQUIRED | WHERE CAN I FIND FURTHER GUIDANCE |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|---|-----------------------------------|
| | | | Zone of Theoretical Visibility Maps⁸ Plan of Public Rights of Way within a radius of 10 times overall height of turbine from centre of turbine Ecological Assessment Noise, Shadow Flicker and Light Reflection Assessment Peat and Hydrology Assessment Coal Mining Risk Assessment Decommissioning statement Environmental Statement/Environmental Impact Assessment (as required) Heritage Statement (as required) Socio-Economic Benefits Statement Telecommunications and Radar Statement | |

⁸ Unless single turbine of less than 25m in height (which is not within 1km of any other operational or permitted turbines, or turbines currently subject to a planning application)

APPENDIX 1 - DEFINITIONS

Table 6 Appendix 1 - Definitions

Major Development

- 10+ dwellings / over half a hectare / building(s) exceeds 1000m²
- Office / light industrial 1000+ m² / 1+ hectare
- General industrial 1000+ m² / 1+ hectare
- Retail 1000+ m²/ 1+ hectare
- Gypsy/Traveller site 10+ pitches
- Site area exceeds 1 hectare

This is often split into:

Small Scale Major

Between 10 and 199 (inclusive) dwellings or where the number of dwellings is not given a site area of 0.5 hectares and less than 4 hectares. For all other uses new floor space of 1,000 square metres up to 9,999 square metres or where the site area is 1 hectare and less than 2 hectares.

Large Scale Major

200 or more dwellings or where the number of dwellings is not given a site area of 4 hectares or more. All other uses new floor space of 10,000 square metres or more or where the site area is 2 hectares or more.

Minor Development

- 1-9 dwellings (unless floorspace exceeds 1000m² / under half a hectare)
- Office / light industrial: up to 999 m²/ under 1 hectare
- General industrial: up to 999 m²/ under 1 Hectare
- Retail: up to 999 m²/ under 1 hectare
- Gypsy/Traveller site: 0-9 pitches

Other Development

Householder applications

- a) an application for planning permission for development to an existing dwelling house, or development within the curtilage of such a dwelling house for any purpose incidental to the enjoyment of the dwelling house or
- b) an application for any consent, agreement or approval required by or under a planning permission, development order or local development order in relation to such development, but does not include an application for change of use or an application to change the number of dwellings in a building.
 - Change of use (no operational development)
 - Adverts
 - Listed building extensions / alterations
 - Listed building demolition
 - Application for relevant demolition of an unlisted building within a Conservation Area
 - Certificates of Lawfulness (191 and 192)
 - Notifications
 - Permissions in Principle (PiP) and Technical Detail Consent (TDC)

Main Town Centre Uses (as defined in the National Planning Policy Framework)

Retail development (including warehouse clubs and factory outlet centres); leisure, entertainment and more intensive sport and recreation uses

(including cinemas, restaurants, drive-through restaurants, bars and pubs, nightclubs, casinos, health and fitness centres, indoor bowling centres and bingo halls); offices; and arts, culture and tourism development (including theatres, museums, galleries and concert halls, hotels and conference facilities).

Public Highway

Unclassified Roads, Class A, B, C Roads, Trunk roads and byways (considered a public highway under the Highways Act over which the public has the <u>right</u> to pass and repass by vehicle. Road classifications can be checked with Kirklees Highways Registry. The definition of a highway within the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (England) Order 2015 (as amended) is a public right of way such as a public road, public footpath and bridleway. For the purposes of that Order, it also includes unadopted streets or private ways.

APPENDIX 2 – CHECKLISTS

Table 7 Appendix 2 – Checklists – List of national requirements

| Item | Required | Submitted | Notes |
|--|----------|-----------|-------|
| | | | |
| Application Form | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Ownership Certificate(s) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Planning Fee | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Design and Access Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Outline Planning Applications: indicative access details | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Fire Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Wind Turbines: Statement of Community Involvement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |

Table 8 Appendix 2 - Checklists - Plans

| Item | Required | Submitted | Notes |
|---|----------|-----------|-------|
| Location Plan | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Site Layout Plan or Block Plan | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Existing and Proposed Elevations | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Existing and Proposed Floor Plans | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Streetscene Plan | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Roof Plans | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Existing and Proposed Site Levels (including Finished Floor Levels) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Existing and Proposed Sections | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Demolition Plan | Yes/No | Yes/No | |

Table 9 Appendix 2 - Checklists - Plan Format Checklist

| Item | Checked | Item | Checked |
|---|---------|--|---------|
| Each plan numbered in a sequential manner | Yes/No | North point shown | Yes/No |
| Drawn to an identified metric scale | Yes/No | Scale indicated on the plan (linear scale bar shown) | Yes/No |
| Provided at the scale indicated on the plan | Yes/No | Scaled to fit A3 or A4 | Yes/No |
| Up to date plan provided | Yes/No | All red lines match | Yes/No |
| Red line (continuous red line including all land necessary to carry out the proposed development e.g. land required for access to the site from a public highway, visibility splays, landscaping, car parking and open areas around buildings). | Yes/No | Blue ownership line indicated | Yes/No |
| Clearly labelled e.g. house names, road names and public rights of way | Yes/No | Elevations labelled North, East, etc. | Yes/No |
| Elevations and floor plans match | Yes/No | Datum point labelled | Yes/No |
| Marked as 'indicative' where required | Yes/No | 'Do not scale' removed | Yes/No |

Table 10 Appendix 2 - Checklists - Other National Requirements determined through other legislation/guidance

| Item | Required | Submitted | Notes |
|--|----------|-----------|-------|
| Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) / Environmental Statement (ES) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Flood Risk Sequential Test | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Flood Risk Exception Test | Yes/No | Yes/No | |

Table 11 Appendix 2 – Checklists - Local List

| Item | Required | Submitted | Notes |
|---|----------|-----------|-------|
| Affordable Housing Provision | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Affordable Housing Financial Viability Assessment (where applicable) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Agricultural/Forestry (Rural) Workers Dwelling Justification Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Agricultural/Forestry Building Justification Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Air Quality Impact Assessment (AQIA) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Biodiversity Net Gain | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Climate Change Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Coal Mining Risk Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Community Facilities and Services: Evidence/Statement to justify loss | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Crime Prevention Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Drainage Strategy (Surface Water) / Drainage details | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Ecological Surveys and Reports | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Foul Drainage Assessment Form | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Habitat Regulation Assessment – Info to support screening and/or Appropriate Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Health Impact Assessment (Rapid HIA) | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Heritage Statement or Heritage Impact Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Land Contamination Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Landfill Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Lighting Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |

| Item | Required | Submitted | Notes |
|--|----------|-----------|-------|
| Main Town Centre Uses – Sequential Test | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Main Town Centre Uses – Impact Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Noise Impact Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Open Space/Sport and Recreation Building and Land Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Planning Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Priority Employment Areas: Statement to support loss to a non- employment use | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Schedule of Residential Accommodation | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Site Waste Management Plan | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Statement of Community Involvement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Structural Survey | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Sunlight/Daylight Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Transport Assessment/Transport Statement | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Travel Plan | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Tree (Arboricultural) survey and reports in accordance BS 5837. | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Ventilation/Extraction Details | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Viability Appraisal | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Water Bodies Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |
| Wind Microclimate Assessment | Yes/No | Yes/No | |

APPENDIX 3 – ADDITIONAL GUIDANCE TO ASSIST IN THE PREPARATION OF HERITAGE STATEMENTS

The scope and degree of detail necessary in a Heritage Statement will vary according to the particular circumstances of each application. The level of detail should be proportionate to the importance of the heritage asset and no more than is sufficient to understand the impact of the proposal on its significance. Applicants are advised to discuss proposals with either a planning officer or a conservation officer before any application is made. The following is a guide to the sort of information that may be required for different types of application. Key photographs of the building, site and surroundings are always of use.

<u>For applications for listed building consent</u>, a written statement should be submitted that includes a schedule of works to the listed building(s), an assessment of the significance of its archaeological, architectural, artistic or historic importance and the contribution of its setting to that significance, together with an assessment of the impact of the proposal on that significance. A description of the sources considered and expertise consulted in assessing significance should also be included. The justification for the proposed works should also be submitted.

For applications for relevant demolition in a conservation area a written statement should be submitted that includes an assessment of the significance of the building/structure and the contribution of its setting to that significance, together with an assessment of the impact of the proposal on that significance. A description of the sources considered and expertise consulted in assessing significance should also be included. The justification for the proposed demolition should also be submitted.

For applications either related to or impacting on the setting of designated heritage assets (including listed buildings, conservation areas, historic parks and gardens, historic battlefields and scheduled ancient monuments) a written statement should be submitted together with plans indicating those heritage assets whose setting is affected. There should be an assessment of the significance of the archaeological, architectural, artistic or historic interest of the designated heritage asset(s) affected, in particular focusing on the contribution of its setting to that significance, as well as a description of the sources considered and expertise consulted in assessing significance. The justification for the proposed works should also be submitted.

Where an application site includes, or is considered to have the potential to include, heritage assets with archaeological interest, applicants may be required to submit an appropriate desk-based assessment and, where desk-based research is insufficient to properly assess the interest, a field evaluation. Further information can be obtained from the West Yorkshire Archaeology Advisory Service. (WYAAS).

<u>For applications affecting non-designated heritage assets</u>, including those contained within a published local list, a description may be required of the significance of the heritage assets affected and the contribution of their setting to that significance, together with an assessment of the proposal on that significance and an explanation of the justification for the works.

APPENDIX 4 – USEFUL LINKS

National:

National Planning Policy Framework

Planning Practice Guidance

Local:

Kirklees Development Plan (including the Kirklees Local Plan and 'made' Neighbourhood Development Plans)

Emerging Neighbourhood Development Plans

Adopted Kirklees Supplementary Planning Documents (SPDs)

Kirklees guidance and advice notes

APPENDIX 5 – ECOLOGICAL SURVEY SEASONS

TABLE 12 - ECOLOGICAL SURVEY SEASONS

| | Optimal Survey Time Extending into | | | g into | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|--------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|------|-----|-----|-----|
| | | JAN | FEB | MAR | APR | MAY | JUNE | JULY | AUG | SEPT | ОСТ | NOV | DEC |
| Badgers | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bats (Hibernation roosts) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bats (Summer roosts) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bats (Foraging/commuting) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Birds (Breeding) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Birds (Over wintering) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Brown Hare | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fungi | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Great crested newts | Land | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Water | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Harvest Mice (nests) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invertebrates | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Otters | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reptiles | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vascular Plants and Lower Plants | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (will depend on species) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Voles | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| White-Clawed Crayfish | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Habitats/Vegetation | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Points to note regarding surveys:

- For certain species and habitats surveys can be carried out at any time of year, but for other species, particular times of year are required to give the most reliable results, as indicated in Table 12. Surveys conducted outside of optimal times may be unreliable. For certain species (e.g. Great Crested Newt) surveys over the winter period are unlikely to yield any useful information. Similarly negative results gained outside the optimal period should not be interpreted as absence of a species and further survey work maybe required during the optimal survey season. This is especially important where existing surveys and records show the species has been found previously on site or in the surrounding area. An application may not be valid until survey information is gathered from an optimum time of year.
- Species surveys are also very weather dependent so it may be necessary to delay a survey or to carry out more than one survey if the weather is not suitable, e.g. heavy rain is not good for surveying for otters, as it washes away their spraint (droppings). Likewise bat surveys carried out in wet or cold weather may not yield accurate results.
- Absence of evidence of a species does not necessarily mean that the species is not there, nor that its habitat is not protected (e.g. a bat roost is protected whether any bats are present or not). West Yorkshire Ecology may have useful existing information and ecological records.
- Competent ecologists should carry out any surveys. Where surveys involve disturbance, capture or handling of a protected species, then only a licensed person can undertake such surveys (e.g. issued by Natural England). Surveys should follow published national or local methodologies.